

TC-408/418/418A/518 Series – Master Keysheet
(4ET, 4EVT or 9 Prefix On Crane Serial Number)**AREA 00 GENERAL INFORMATION**

SM00-000-000.00 Service Manual General Usage & Instructions

AREA 03 UPPER REVOLVING FRAME

SM03-001-003.00 Turntable Bearing
SM03-001-004.00 Ring Gear Replacement
SM03-001-009.00 Undecking – w/Two Piece Rotating Joint (418 Models)
SM03-004-001.00 Conical Rollers (418 Models)
SM03-006-001.00 Swing Lock
SM03-015-001.00 Pressure Limited Counterweight Remover
SM03-015-002.00 Pressure Limited Counterweight Remover

AREA 04 VERTICAL SHAFTS

SM04-000-002.00 Vertical Shafts – General
SM04-002-001.00 Center Drive Shaft
SM04-003-002.00 Swing Shaft
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SM04-006-001.00 Standard Boom Hoist Circuitry
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SM04-009-002.00 Independent Boom Hoist Vertical Shaft
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SM04-009-005.00 Boom Hoist Brake
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AREA 05 HORIZONTAL SHAFTS

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SM05-003-007.00 Rear Drum Shaft
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SM05-012-001.00 Front & Rear Drum Brake
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SM05-013-003.00 Right Hand Drum Driver (Early)

SM05-013-004.00 Right Hand Drum Driver
SM05-013-005.00 Right Hand Drum Driver (Later)

AREA 06 UPPER ENGINE

SM06-016-002.00 Twin Disc Clutch
SM06-017-001.00 Clutch & Control Adjustment
SM06-018-001.00 Chain Case Pump
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AREA 08 ANGLE BOOM & JIB

SM08-001-001.00 Repairing Damaged Angle Booms & Jibs

AREA 09 TUBULAR BOOM, FLY, & JIB

SM09-001-002.00 Repairing Damaged Tubular Booms, Flys, & Jibs

AREA 10 TAGLINE WINDER

SM10-001-001.00 Tagline Winder

AREA 18 SPECIAL ATTACHMENTS

SM18-000-001.00 Capscrew Torques
SM18-000-002.00 Bearing, Gear, Shaft, & Housing Inspection

How To Use This Manual, General Service Instructions, And Safety Procedures

The following information is provided to help guide the user of this manual. An explanation of how this manual is organized, as well as general information and safety considerations which should be understood when performing any service or maintenance procedure, is given. This information is general in nature and should supplement any of the specific procedures in this manual along with a constant awareness of safety and common sense.

How To Use This Manual

This Service Manual is a collection of written procedures which are used to service and maintain a specific crane model. The index, which is called a "Keysheet", is used to organize the procedures within this manual and serve as a Table Of Contents as well. Each procedure, in this manual, is written so that it can stand alone and typically covers only one procedure. Procedures are given a numerical designation, or "SM Code" Number, (Example: SM01—005—034.00) which is unique to that procedure and that procedure only. The following is a listing of the general area definitions which are designated by the first digits in the SM Code Number sequence:

General Area Descriptions

- SM01 — Rubber Tire Lower
- SM02 — Crawler Lower
- SM03 — Upper Revolving Frame & Machinery
- SM04 — Vertical Shafts
- SM05 — Horizontal Shafts
- SM06 — Upper Engine
- SM07 — Hydraulic Power Supply
- SM08 — Angle Boom
- SM09 — Tubular Boom
- SM10 — Tagline Winder
- SM11 — Fairleader
- SM12 — Shovel Attachment
- SM13 — Trench Hoe, Logger & Scraper Attachment & Prop Handler
- SM14 — Cab & House Assembly
- SM15 — Rotascope Attachment (Discontinued)
- SM16 — Wire Rope Requirements
- SM17 — Hydraulic Boom And Attachments
- SM18 — Special Attachments
- SM19 — Diesel Pile Hammer (Discontinued)
- SM20 — Tower, Climbing Assembly, Traveling Base & Gantry (Discontinued)
- SM21 — Log Skidder (Discontinued)
- SM22 — Hydraulic Hammer (Discontinued)

The procedures in this manual are collated by SM Code Number sequence. Use the Keysheet in the front of this manual, the general area descriptions shown previously, and the SM Code title shown on the

Keysheet to find the specific procedure required to service the crane.

Throughout this manual, reference is made to the left, right, front, and rear, pertaining to directions and locations. These reference directions are relative to the operator, sitting in the operator's seat, with the upper directly over the front of the carrier, unless otherwise stated. (Crawler mounted cranes: upper over the front of the crane with travel motors to the rear.)

Danger, warning, and caution captions as well as special notes are used throughout this manual and on the crane to emphasize important and critical instructions. **If any instruction, caution, warning, or danger labels, decals, or plates become lost, damaged, or unreadable, they must be replaced.** Information contained on such labels, decals, and plates is important and failure to follow the information they contain could result in an accident. Replacement labels, decals, and plates can be ordered through a Link-Belt Distributor. For the purpose of this manual, danger, warning, and caution captions and notes are defined as follows:



DANGER

An operating procedure, practice, etc. which, if not correctly followed, may result in severe personal injury, dismemberment, or loss of life.



WARNING

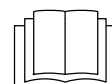
An operating procedure, practice, etc. which, if not correctly followed, may result in personal injury.

CAUTION

An operating procedure, practice, etc. which, if not correctly followed, may result in damage to, or destruction of, equipment or property.

NOTES

Note: An operating procedure step, condition, etc. which is essential in order for the process to be completed properly.



This symbol may appear in manuals or on a label on the crane to alert personnel that additional instructions are included in the crane Operator's Manual.



Figure 1
Keep hands and tools clear of moving parts.

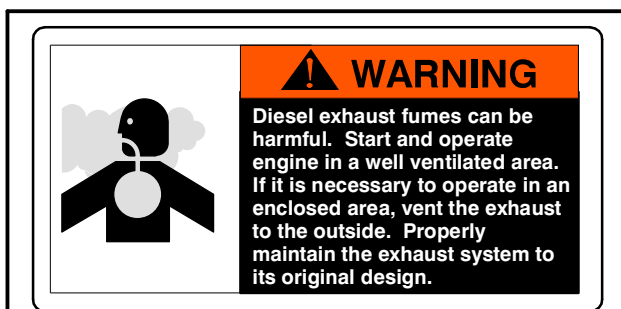
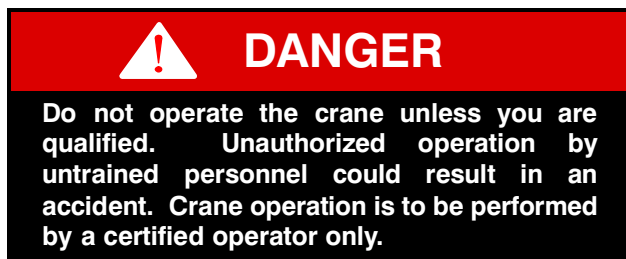


Figure 2
Diesel Exhaust Fumes.

Service Safety And Set Up Guidelines

The following is a list of safety and set up considerations which may apply to any service or maintenance procedure. Review the entire list and understand the type of things you must consider to perform a safe service procedure and then apply these guidelines to each specific service or maintenance procedure.



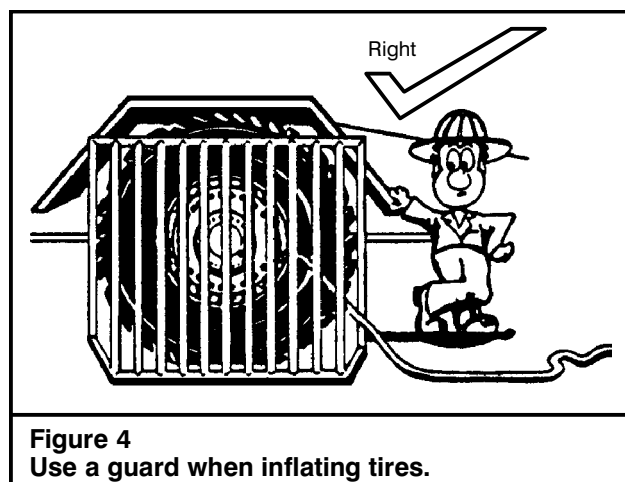
Service Safety

1. Read and understand the service or maintenance procedure to be performed before beginning work. By reading the procedure ahead of time, you can be sure to have the replacement parts and tools on hand that are required to complete the job.
2. Wear protective gear to prevent injury; hard hat, safety glasses, gloves, steel toed shoes, etc.



Figure 3
Pinch Point Label

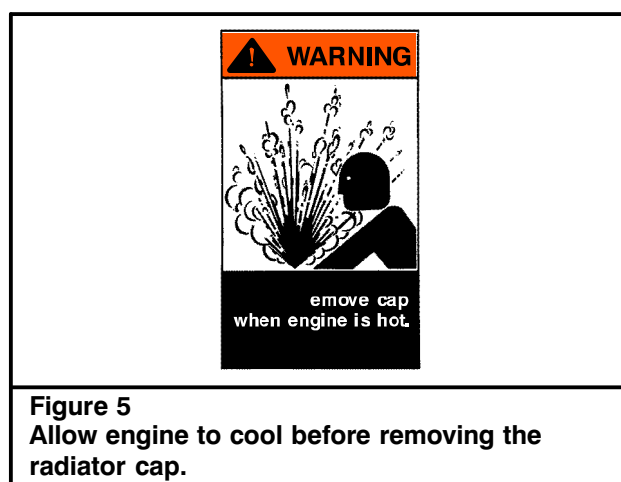
3. First aid supplies and a fire extinguisher should be on the job site to assist in an unexpected situation. The location of these items should be known to all as well as access to a telephone for emergencies.
4. Work in a clean, dry, firm, level area whenever possible. Choosing the correct work site can make a big difference on how well the job goes.
5. Use caution around flammable materials. Be aware of all the materials in the work area which are a threat. Also make others aware of volatile materials; post signs if necessary.
6. Release all trapped pressure in air and hydraulic circuits before disconnecting any line or component. Shutdown the crane, exhaust all pressure from the crane's air reservoir(s) and work the hydraulic control levers back and forth before servicing the crane.
7. Do not disconnect any hydraulic line from a crane which has its attachment in the air. Trapped pressure may be all that is suspending it. Disconnecting a line could release the trapped pressure, causing the attachment to fall. Lower the attachment to the ground or on to its rest before servicing the crane.
8. Do not work on a crane which is in motion. Fans, belts, gear trains, etc. can catch an unexpected person and quickly dismember them.
9. Do not climb on the attachment or other hard to reach areas. If the steps and/or ladders which are installed on the crane do not provide adequate access to the area of the crane which needs servicing, use a step ladder or other approved device.
10. Pinch points exist between the upper and lower frames. Death or dismemberment may result from personnel caught in these points. Learn where these pinch points are and stay clear of the rotating upper frame.



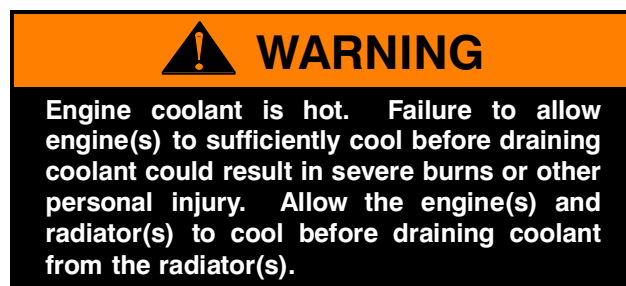
11. If working in a confined area, be sure to provide adequate ventilation when running the engine(s), using toxic solvents, welding, or any other operation which contaminates the fresh air supply.
12. Post a sign in the operator's cab to alert others that the crane is under service. Starting the crane while it is being serviced could severely injure someone. Crane damage could also occur if systems are operated prematurely. Imagine starting the engine(s) before the oil is replaced.
13. Secure access panels, doors, and machinery hoods when in the open position to ensure they do not fall or slam shut due to wind or accidental disruption.
14. Crane parts may be heavy. Always use an appropriate lifting device to support work. Do not attempt to lift an object without knowing its weight. Get help if necessary.
15. Always use a safety rim cage when inflating or deflating tires. Worn or misassembled parts can "explode" from the assembly causing serious injury. Use a safety rim cage, clip on air chuck, and stand aside when inflating or deflating tires.

Crane Set Up And Disassembly

1. Properly park the crane as described in the Operator's Manual. Park the crane in an area which provides the most comfortable working conditions. However, do not park the crane where it will be an obstruction or an intrusion to traffic, coworkers, or to the public. Keep in mind that a major service procedure, or a repair part which requires a long lead time, could have the crane disabled for an extended period of time.
2. Keep in mind the mess which is sometimes caused by a crane under repair. Oil or other fluid leaks should be contained or prevented. Consider your responsibility of maintaining a safe clean work area and a healthy environment for all.



3. If the crane is equipped with outriggers, it may be safer as well as an advantage to raise and level the crane on outriggers to provide easier access to areas underneath. Do not work under a crane that is improperly supported.
4. Shutdown the engine(s) per the instructions given in the Operator's Manual.
5. Post a sign in the operator's cab to alert others that the crane is being serviced.
6. Engines, transmissions, hydraulic systems, etc. generate extreme heat during operation. Temperatures can reach levels which may cause serious burns. Allow the crane to cool before attempting to service it.



7. Pressure is generated inside the engine's cooling system due to the heat transfer process from the engine(s) to the radiator(s). Do not attempt to open or drain the radiator(s) until it/they has/have had sufficient time to cool. Disconnecting hoses before the engine(s) and radiator(s) has/have cooled is even more dangerous. Wait until the engine(s) and radiator(s) have cooled and then drain the radiator(s) before disconnecting any hoses. Properly store or dispose of used coolant.

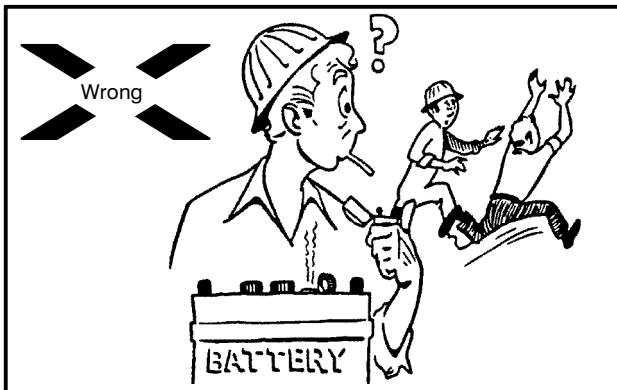


Figure 6
Do not use an open flame near the battery.

WARNING

Solvents and cleaning solutions can be hazardous. Serious personal injury may result from misuse of these products. Read and follow all the manufacturer's recommendations concerning solvents and cleaning solutions.

8. Thoroughly clean the area of the crane which is to be serviced. Dirt or other contamination could enter the hydraulic, air, lubricating system, etc. and cause immediate and/or long term problems. Cleaning the service area not only prevents contamination problems but it also makes working on the crane easier and sometimes problems are more recognizable.
9. Before beginning any removal or disassembly procedure, take a moment to observe critical features of the assembly which may greatly simplify the installation or assembly process. Label electrical, hydraulic, air, or other connections. Index mark pump, motor, and valve sections. Lightly spray paint or count the threads of adjustment screws. Simple steps such as these can minimize the effort needed to put the crane back in service.

WARNING

Hydraulic oil is under pressure and may be hot. A sudden release of hot oil could cause severe burns and/or other serious injury. Shutdown the engine(s) and exhaust all trapped hydraulic pressure from the system before removing any line or component.

10. Hydraulic systems, while operating, are under high pressure. Even after the crane is shutdown these pressures can remain trapped in the hydraulic lines and system components. Some hydraulic systems utilize an air pressurized reservoir which maintains pressure on the system after the crane is shutdown. It is critical that all residual pressure, which is trapped in the system, be neutralized before disconnecting any line or hydraulic component. Use the following techniques to exhaust trapped hydraulic pressure from the system:

- a. Lower the attachment to the boom rest, onto blocking, or onto the ground and shutdown the engine(s).
- b. Open the drain valves on the air system reservoir(s), if equipped, to bleed the air system pressure.
- c. Relieve any residual or precharge pressure by pushing the button on the pressure relief valve, on the hydraulic reservoir, if equipped. Otherwise, loosen the filler cap 1/4 turn.
- d. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON POSITION**, but **DO NOT START THE ENGINE**.
- e. Operate the steering control(s) back and forth repeatedly until steering becomes hard. (On cranes equipped with emergency steering system, it will take several rotations of steering wheel before steering becomes hard.)
- f. Work the crane control levers and outrigger switches, if equipped, back and forth several times.
- g. Turn ignition switch to the **OFF POSITION**.
- h. When pressure is fully relieved, close the drain valves on the air system reservoir(s), if equipped.

WARNING

Air lines may contain high pressure. Opening lines and fittings before relieving air pressure may result in serious injury. Shutdown the engine(s) and drain the air system reservoir(s) before opening any line or fitting.

11. Air system circuits, like hydraulic circuits, contain high pressures also. Although the threat of a hot working fluid does not exist, highly pressurized lines and components can possibly "fly off" if lines are disconnected before the system pressure is relieved. Open the drain valve on the air system reservoir(s) to exhaust system pressure before working on the crane.



WARNING

Use care not to cause sparks at the battery terminals while disconnecting or connecting the battery. Battery gasses are volatile and could be ignited by a spark or flame causing the battery to explode. Keep the area around the battery well ventilated and disconnect the negative side of the battery first, with the ignition switch “OFF”, to minimize hazard.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds. Eating or smoking with lead residue on hands may cause lead poisoning. Wash hands after handling lead products.

12. When working on electrical circuits, disconnect the battery to minimize shock, burn, spark, or other hazard. When disconnecting the battery, confirm that the ignition switch is in the “OFF” position. Disconnect the negative side of the battery first to minimize the potential for sparks at the battery. Battery gases which are exposed to such sparks, could cause an explosion. Likewise when connecting the battery, confirm that the ignition switch is in the “OFF” position and install the positive cable(s), first and the negative connection(s) last.
13. It is a good practice when disassembling hydraulic components to lay the parts out in the order that they were disassembled. Keeping the parts in this order during disassembly, cleaning, and inspection will aid in the assembly process.

Welding

1. When making repairs which require welding, disconnect any electronic equipment (such as rated capacity limiters and engine computers) to prevent damage to them. Use the battery disconnect switch(es), if equipped.
2. Be aware of systems adjacent to areas being welded. Residual heat from the welding process could cause damage to other components. Heat may also vaporize materials which may become toxic or volatile.
3. Remove paint from areas to be welded to prevent toxic fumes.
4. The grounding connection should be within 3 feet (1 m) of the welded parts.
5. Connect the ground to the lower, if welding on the lower, or to the upper if welding on the upper. Electrical current through the turntable bearing could cause an arc which could damage it.

6. Do not position the ground connection where seals or bearing, as in transmissions or valves, will be between it and the welded parts.
7. Remove any flammable materials from the area.
8. Use the appropriate setting on the welder for the size of the welding operation. Do not use more than 200 Volts continuously.

Cleaning And Inspection



WARNING

Solvents and cleaning solutions can be hazardous. Serious personal injury may result from misuse of these products. Read and follow all the manufacturer's recommendations concerning solvents and cleaning solutions.

1. All components should be thoroughly cleaned with an approved cleaning solvent, air dried and carefully inspected for damage, wear and corrosion.
2. All Loctite® or other sealant residue should be removed from threads of hardware and parts that are going to be reused.
3. All “soft parts”, such as seals, gaskets, back up rings, and o-rings, should be replaced.
4. Replacement of bearings and bushings is generally a good preventive maintenance measure. Even though a bearing or bushing seems to be intact and is functioning properly, its life span is limited. Replacing a simple bearing or bushing while the opportunity is at hand could save a complete component failure later.
5. In the event of severe defects, contact factory personnel for directions whether to repair or replace any major component.

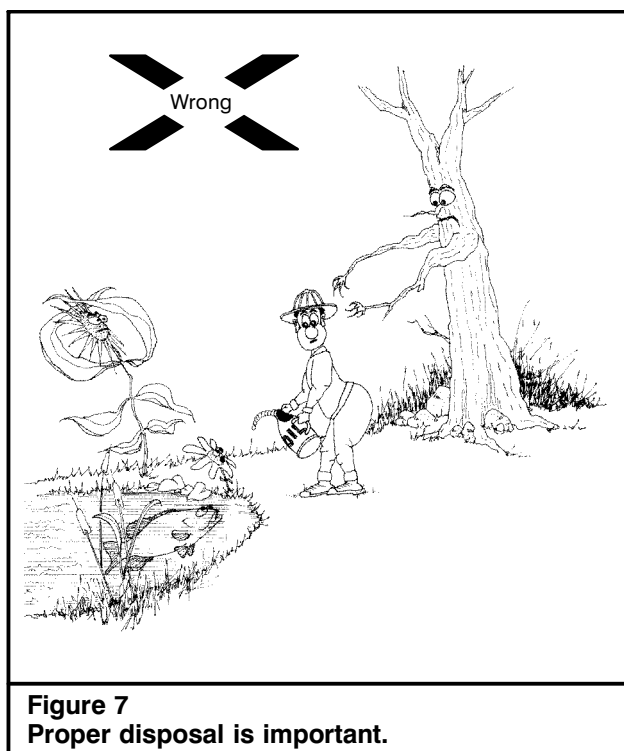
Crane Assembly

1. Loosely assemble parts to ensure all parts are in place and fasteners started before beginning torquing procedure. Always use a cross torquing sequence to ensure even and uniform installation.



WARNING

Lubricants, sealants, joint and thread locking compounds, etc. can be hazardous. Serious personal injury may result from misuse of these products. Read and follow all manufacturer's recommendations concerning these products.



2. Unless otherwise stated, torque all fasteners per the instructions given in SM Code Area 18—000.
3. When installing hydraulic hoses, lines, and fittings, use two wrenches to ensure the hoses and lines are not twisted. One wrench must be on the male fitting, the other wrench on the female fitting.
4. Unless otherwise stated, torque all hydraulic fittings per the instructions given in SM Code Area 07—018.
5. Check all fluid levels before returning the crane to service; hydraulic reservoir oil level, transmission fluid level, engine(s) oil level, etc. Add oil as required. See Operator's Manual and/or engine(s) manufacturer's manual(s) for correct type of fluids and procedures.
6. Always replace guards, grilles, and other types of protective shields. Also, be sure that any systems which were disconnected such as load indicating systems, anti-two block devices, control cables, etc. are functioning properly before returning the crane to service.
7. Start the appropriate engine and let it idle for five minutes. Inspect the connections on the hydraulic, air, transmission, etc. lines for leaks. Repair if needed.
8. Check that all hydraulic, air, and electrical functions are operating normally before returning the crane to service.
9. After crane is assembled, refer to the Operator's Manual for any periodic type of adjustments which may have been affected by the service procedure.
10. Properly dispose of any used oils, solvents, cleaners, etc.

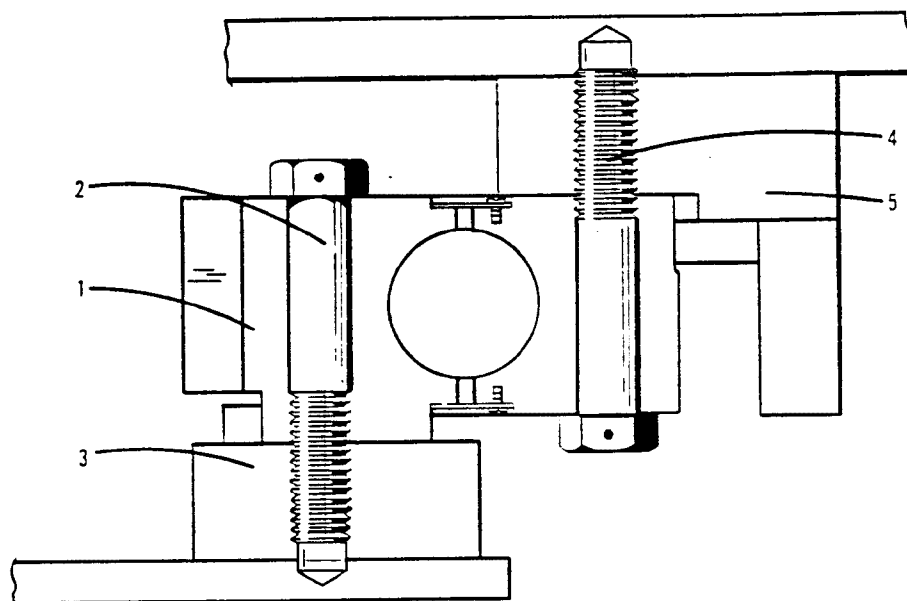


Fig. 1

Turntable Bearing
(1) Turntable Bearing
(2) Capscrews

(3) Lower Frame
(4) Capscrew

(5) Upper Revolving Frame

Turntable Bearing

To replace turntable bearing, machine must be undecked. Before undecking, refer to operators manual and perform all of the following steps:

- Remove jib and boom from the machine.
- Remove all counterweight from the machine.
- Lower live mast until it is horizontal. Block securely under live mast. Remove B.H. rope.
- Remove live mast from machine.

Undecking Machine And Removing Bearing:

- Park the machine on firm, level ground.
- Shut off engine. By moving control stand levers, reduce S-o-M pressure to zero.
- Two rotating joint assemblies are available on LS518. With one piece rotating joint it is advisable to remove rotating joint. If upper is removed without removing joint, the joint will probably be bent. If you elect to undeck machine without removing rotating joint, it would be well to have a replacement joint on hand. See SM2-10-1.0 for removal procedure.

On machines with two piece rotating joint, removal is not necessary. The two halves of the rotating joint pull apart as upper is removed. See SM2-10-1.0 for removal procedure.

- Make up a sling, with four legs, sufficient to lift the upper. (Approximately 63,000 lbs.) (28577 Kg). (See Fig. 2). If using wire rope, use a minimum of 1" diameter rope with a breaking strength of at least 59 tons. (46,257 Kg). LBS type N rope is recommended. Use new rope straight off the reel for making up the sling. Connect one leg to each live mast foot leg, and one leg to each end of gantry headshaft. Make sure keeper pins or cotter pins are installed in mast foot pins to prevent their working out. Connect to sling with hook block from helper crane. Check rigging and capacity plate on helper crane to make sure it is able to lift the upper. Take a strain against sling to support upper weight while turntable bearing bolts are removed.
- Remove bearing cover plates on either side of revolving frame to expose turntable bearing bolts.
- Mark one bolt head exactly 60°

on each side of centerline of machine. These two bolts will be the last two removed. (See Fig. 3).

- Remove mounting bolts. Start engine and engage master clutch. With engine at idle, swing upper VERY SLOWLY to expose more bolts until all but the two bolts marked in step (f) have been removed.
- Support the upper with the helper crane. Remove the last two bolts. Replace these bolts with 9P586 alignment studs.
- Lift upper off lower CAUTIOUSLY. Upper must be as close to parallel to the lower as possible to prevent binding on the alignment studs. STAY OUT FROM UNDER THE UPPER.
- Set upper on blocking, just far enough above ground to allow clearance for bearing removal. See Fig. 4. Use good, solid, dry, hardwood blocking. Pile blocking in a criss-cross pattern as shown in Fig. 4 on next page.
- Place three hydraulic jacks under bearing (6 & 7 in Fig. 4). Make sure jacks are capable of supporting weight of bearing. (Approximately 4,600 lbs.) (2087 Kg). Raise jacks against bearing.
- Remove capscrews which hold

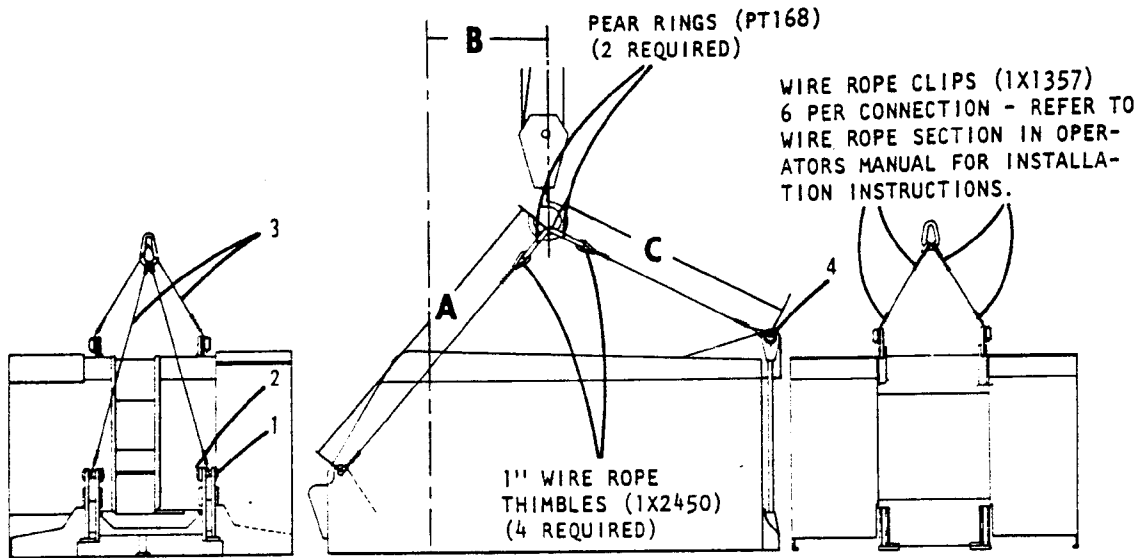


Fig. 2

9P266 Sling Assembly

(A) 12'5" (3.78m)

(B) 4.24 Ft. (1.29m) (To Center Of Gravity)

(C) 9'7" (2.92m)

(1) Pin (In Mast Foot Lugs)

(2) Cotter Pins

(3) Sling

(4) Gantry Headshaft

- bearing to upper revolving frame, leaving the jacks supporting bearing. Lower bearing onto blocking as shown in Fig. 4. Lower jacks in succession about 1 inch at a time to keep from slanting and tipping jacks over.
- (m) Remove jacks, leaving the bearing resting on blocking.
- (n) Skid bearing out from under upper frame.

- (3) Apply "locquic" primer N to threads. Allow 3 to 5 minutes to dry.
- (4) Apply amount of "loctite" pipe sealant necessary to cover thread engagement.
- (5) Install all bolts and torque to 2,400 ft/lbs. (3206.4 N m). Lockwire heads together.

trailer to see how level it will sit. If necessary set the upper back on the trailer and adjust the slings until the upper sets level when suspended.

- (b) On machines with two piece rotating joint, proceed as follows:

- (1) Replace "O" ring and back-up rings on rotating joint in lower frame. This MUST BE done anytime the two halves of the rotating joint and packing areas with Cosmolube #2 or equal prior to assembly.

- (2) Make sure travel shaft coupling is installed on lower half of vertical travel shaft.

- (3) Two alignment studs (9P486) must be installed at 60° either side of centerline of machine at front end of carbody before reassembly.

- (4) Pick the upper and swing into place over the lower before reassembly. STAY OUT FROM UNDER UPPER. Position upper so the two openings in platform align with the two studs. Carefully lower the upper onto

Bearing Replacement:

- (a) Slide new bearing into place under the upper on blocking. Install the 9P586 alignment studs in threaded holes in upper to aid in alignment.
- (b) Using hydraulic jacks, jack bearing in place against upper.
- (c) Install a capscrew on either side of alignment studs. Remove studs. Install remaining capscrews. Capscrews must be "loctited" as follows:
- (1) Remove dirt, shaving, and excess oil from threads.
- (2) Thoroughly degrease threads with "loctite" safety solvent (16M119). Allow solvent to dry.

Note: Special tools are required to torque bolts. See Tool List at end of section.

- (d) Remove jack and blocking from under bearing.

Installing Upper On Lower:

- (a) Attach slings to upper. Connect one leg to each live mast foot lug, and one leg to each end of gantry headshaft. Make sure keeper pins or cotter pins are installed in mast foot pins to prevent their working out. Connect to slings with hook block from helper crane. Check rigging and capacity plate on helper crane to make sure it is able to lift the upper. Pick the upper off of the