TABLE OF CONTENT

431 / 461 TRACTORS (TURKEY) WORKSHOP SERVICE MANUAL

4283017

Introduction and Safety	<u>01A</u>
Tractor Specifications	<u>01B</u>
Miscellaneous Data	<u>01C</u>
Servicing the Tractor	<u>01D</u>
Splitting the Tractor	<u>02A</u>
Engine Specifications	<u>03A</u>
Cooling System	<u>03B</u>
1100 Series - Non Electronic - Engine Drop Sheet	<u>03c</u>
Clutch	<u>04A</u>
8 Speed Standard Gearbox	<u>05A</u>
8 Speed Synchromesh Shuttle Gearbox	<u>05B</u>
<u>Brakes</u>	<u>06A</u>
Crownwheel Pinion and Differential Lock	<u>06B</u>
Rear Axle	06C
Drawbar and Linkage	<u>06D</u>
Single Speed Power Take-Off	<u>07A</u>
IPTO Single-Speed Power Take-Off	<u>07B</u>
Front Axle - 2 Wheeldrive - 3 Cylinder Tractors	<u>A80</u>
Front Axle 461 - 4 Wheel Drive	08C
Lift Hydraulics	09A
Steering - Orbitrol Steering Un it	<u>09B</u>
Steering - 3 Cylinder Tractors	<u>09C</u>
Auxiliary Hydraulics	<u>09E</u>
Electrical System - General	<u>10A</u>
Electrical System - Battery	<u>10B</u>
Electrical System - Starter Motor	<u>10C</u>
Electrical System - Alternator	10D
Electrical System - Wiring Diagrams	10E
Service Tools	11A

Introduction and Safety in the Workshop Section 1 - Part A

Table of Contents

Operation No.	Description	Page No
	Introduction	1A- 2
	Safety in the Workshop	1A- 4

MF 431/461 - Issue 1 1A-1

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this manual is to assist Dealers and Distributors in the efficient repair and maintenance of Massey Ferguson farm machinery. Carrying out the procedures as detailed, together with the use of special tools where appropriate, will enable theoperations to be completed within the time stated in the Repair Time Schedule.

To assist with locating information, each section of the manual is preceded by a contents page listing the operations. Each instruction within an operation has a sequence number, and to complete the operation in the minimum time it is essential that these instructions are performed in numerical sequence commencing at 1, unless otherwise stated.

When applicable, these sequence numbers identify the components in the appropriate illustration. Where an operation requires the use of a special tool, the tool number is quoted under the operation heading and is repeated in, or following, the instruction involving its use.

Indexing

For convenience the manual is divided into sections and parts, each page bearing a section and part number. The sections are subdivided into numbered operations. Example: 1-7A would be Operation 1 in Section 7, Part A. This simplifies cross referencing and enables the subject to be found easily.

Definition of Terms

The operation descriptions generally used throughout the schedules may be defined as follows:

Removal and Refitment - Remove and refit an original part or assembly, or a new part or assembly which does not involve additional operations or time.

Install - Install a part or component not previously fitted e.g., accessories.

Overhaul - Remove a part or assembly, dismantle, inspect and recondition, re-assemble, and re-install making all necessary adjustments.

Dis-assembly and Re-assembly - The terms 'Dis-assembly' and 'Re-assembly' indicate the orderly taking apart of an assembly into individual parts and rebuilding it into the original assembly.

Adjust - Make the necessary adjustments to restore specified setting or performance.

Check - Ascertain if a setting or condition is within the limits of acceptability, either as defined in the Manufacturer's specifications or, where a dimension is not specified, in the judgement of the mechanic. The checking of fixings, e.g. nuts and bolts, includes tightening to the specified torque figures listed in this Manual.

Servicing - All technical work undertaken to maintain the machine in working order.

Special Tools

Where the use of a special tool is specified in an operation the tool number will be shown under the operation heading and also following the instruction requiring its use.

The use of the special tools mentioned in the text contributes to a safe, efficient and profitable repair. Some operations are impracticable without their use, for example, the refitment of the differential unit. Distributors and Dealers are therefore urged to check their tools against the list provided.

For further details, refer to the special tool catalogue for this range of tractors, Publication No. 1856 550 M5, or Section 14 of this manual.

Repairs and Replacements

When service parts are required it is essential that only genuine Massey Ferguson replacements are used.

Attention is particularly drawn to the following points concerning repairs and the fitting of replacement parts and accessories:

Safety features embodied in the tractor may be impaired if other than genuine parts are fitted.

In certain territories, legislation prohibits the fitting of parts not to the tractor manufacturer's specification. Torque wrench setting figures given in the Workshop Manual must be strictly adhered to. Locking devices where specified must be fitted. If the efficiency of a locking device is impaired during removal it must be renewed.

The tractor warranty may be invalidated by the fitting of other than genuine Massey Ferguson parts. All Massey Ferguson replacements have the full backing of the Manufacturer's warranty. Massey Ferguson Distributors and Dealers are obliged to supply only genuine service parts.

Repair of the Tractor

Follow these important points:

CLEAN THE TRACTOR AND DIAGNOSE THE FAULT BEFORE DIS-ASSEMBLY.

If possible, make a complete diagnosis to determine the extent of the repair required. Take precautions, as necessary, to prevent dirt or other foreign material entering the hydraulic, fuel or air systems.

DO NOT MIX PARTS.

Make particular note of special parts which should not be interchanged.

DURING DIS-ASSEMBLY, CLEAN PARTS THOROUGHLY AND INSPECT THEM FOR WEAR, DAMAGE, ETC.

LABEL PARTS. PROTECT PRECISION OR MACHINED SURFACES.

1A-2 MF 431/461 - Issue 1

Amendments

Under normal conditions revised pages are issued carrying the same number as the existing pages requiring amendment. The new pages are inserted in place of the existing ones. The old pages should then be destroyed.

The issue number is printed on the bottom of each page, e.g. Issue 1, 2 or 3 etc.

In some cases additional pages or completely new sections may be issued. These pages are to be inserted immediately following the page carrying the next lowest page number, or section number as appropriate.

Where new pages are required to be positioned between existing pages, the new page numbers will contain a

suffix letter - example: New page number 7A-16a. This page is inserted after existing page number 7A-16 and before page number 7A-17. Correspondingly a further new page numbered 7A-16b would be positioned after 7A-16a but before 7A-17.

To ensure that a record of amendments to this manual is readily available, the list of amendments will be re-issued with each set of revised pages, quoting the amendment number, date of issue and appropriate instructions.

MF 431/461 - Issue 1

SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL AND TERMS

This safety alert symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!



The safety alert symbol identifies important safety messages on machines, safety signs, in manuals, or elsewhere. When you see this symbol, be alert to the possibility of personal injury or death. Follow the instructions in the safety message.

Why is SAFETY important to you?

- **★** ACCIDENTS DISABLE and KILL
- **★** ACCIDENTS are COSTLY ★
- **★** ACCIDENTS can be AVOIDED ★

SAFETY in the WORKSHOP

This safety section of your Workshop Service manual is intended to point out some of the basic safety situations which may be encountered during the normal repair operations of the tractor, and to suggest possible ways of dealing with these situations.

Additional precautions may be necessary, depending on the type of repair and the conditions at the work site or in the workshop. Massey Ferguson has no direct control over the repair procedures, operation, inspection, lubrication or general maintenance. Therefore it is **YOUR** responsibility to use good safety practices in these areas.

SAFETY - A WORD to the MECHANIC

It is your responsibility to read and understand this safety section before carrying out repairs on Massey Ferguson equipment.

Remember that YOU are the key to safety. Good safety practices not only protect you, but also the people around you. Study the features in this section and the rest of the manual and make them a working part of your safety programme. Practice all other usual and customary safe working precautions, and above all 'REMEMBER' SAFETY IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY. YOU CAN PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

SAFETY - DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION

Whenever you see these signal words and symbol used in this manual and on decals, you MUST take note of their instructions.



DANGER: The symbol and the word DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in DEATH OR VERY SERIOUS INJURY.



WARNING: The symbol and the word WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation. If the instructions or procedures are not correctly followed it could result in PERSONAL INJURY, OR LOSS OF LIFE.



CAUTION: The symbol and the word CAUTION is used to indicate a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in MINOR OR MODERATE INJURY.

IMPORTANT: The word IMPORTANT is used to identify special instructions which, if not observed, could result in damage to, or destruction of the machine, process or its surroundings.

NOTE: The word NOTE is used to indicate points of particular interest for more efficient and convenient repair or operation.

1A-4 MF 431/461 - Issue 1

SAFETY DECALS



WARNING: DO NOT remove or obscure Danger, Warning or Instruction Decals.

Replace any Danger, Warning, Caution or Instruction Decals that are not readable, damaged or are missing.

GENERAL

Practically all service work involves the need to drive a tractor. The Operator Instruction Book, supplied with each tractor or implement, contains detailed safety precautions relating to driving, operating and servicing. These precautions are as applicable to the service mechanic as they are to the operator, and should be read, understood and taken by all personnel.

Prior to undertaking any maintenance, repair, overhaul, dismantling or re-assembly operations, whether within a workshop facility or out iin the fieldí, consideration should be given to factors that may have an effect upon Safety, not only upon the mechanic carrying out the work, but also upon bystanders.

 DO NOT permit children or bystanders around or on the machine while it is being adjusted, serviced, repaired or operated.

PERSONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Clothing

 The wrong clothes or carelessness in dress can cause accidents. Check to see that you are suitably clothed. DO NOT wear loose clothing or long hair around equipment.

Some jobs require special protective equipment

Eye Protection

- The smallest eye injury may cause loss of vision.
 Injury can be avoided by wearing the proper eye protection when engaged in chiselling, grinding, discing, sanding, welding, painting etc.
- Wear safety goggles or safety glasses appropriate to the job in hand.

Breathing Protection

 Fumes, dust and paint spray are unpleasant and harmful. These can be avoided by wearing respiratory protection.

Hearing Protection

 Loud noise may damage your hearing and the greater the exposure the worse the damage. If you think the noise is excessive, wear ear protection.

Hand Protection

- It is advisable to use a protective barrier cream before work to prevent irritation and skin contamination. After work clean your hands in soap and water. Solvents such as white spirit, paraffin, etc., may harm the skin.
- Wear gloves when ever possible to protect your hands. DO NOT wear rings or wrist watches when working on machinery, as they could catch on moving parts and cause serious injury.

Foot Protection

 Substantial or protective footwear with reinforced toe-caps (safety shoes) will protect your feet from falling objects. Additionally, oil-resistant soles will help to avoid slipping.

Special Clothing

 For certain work it may be necessary to wear flame or acid-resistant clothing.

EQUIPMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Machine Guards

 Before using any machine, check to ensure that the machine guards are in position and serviceable.
 These guards not only prevent parts of the body or clothing coming in contact with the moving parts of the machine, but also ward off objects that might fly off the machine and cause injury. Ensure that missing guards are replaced.

Lifting Appliances

- Always ensure that lifting equipment, such as chains, slings, lifting brackets, hooks and eyes are thoroughly checked before use. If in doubt, select stronger equipment than is necessary.
- Never stand under a suspended load or raised implement.
- Avoid injury through incorrect handling of components. Make sure you are capable of lifting the object. If in doubt get help.

Iackino

- Select a jack strong enough to carry the load.
- · Stabilise the tractor and chock the wheels.
- Put support stands under the tractor. Lower the jack and let the tractor rest on the stands.
- DO NOT go under a tractor supported by a chain hoist or jack.

MF 431/461 - Issue 1 1A-5

Compressed Air

- The pressure from a compressed air line is often as high as 7 bar (100lbf/in²). It is perfectly safe if used correctly. Any misuse may cause injury.
- Never use compressed air to blow dust, filings, dirt etc., away from your work area unless the correct type of nozzle is fitted and eye protection is used.
- Compressed air is not a cleaning agent, it will only move dust, etc., from one place to another. Look around before using an air hose as bystanders may get grit into their eyes, ears or skin.
- Used approved air guns, wear safety goggles, and use proper shielding to protect others in the work area.
- · Never point an air nozzle at a persons body.

Hand Tools

- Many cuts, abrasions and injuries are caused by defective tools. Never use the wrong tool for the job, as this generally leads either to some injury, or to a poor job.
- · Never use:
 - -A hammer with a loose head or split handle.
 - -Spanners or wrenches with splayed or worn jaws.
 - -Spanners or files as hammers; or drills, clevis pins or bolts as punches.
- Grind off mushroom heads from chisels. The sharp edges can tear your skin if the tool slips. And, when the tool is struck, chips could break off and fly into your eyes.
- Keep a handle on every file to prevent the tang from piercing your palm or wrist if the file should slip or catch
- For removing or replacing hardened pins use a copper or brass drift rather than a hammer.
- For dismantling, overhauling and assembly of major components, always use Special Service Tools recommended.

These will reduce the work effort, labour time and repair cost.

· Always keep tools clean and in good working order.

Electricity

- Electricity has become so familiar in day to day usage, that its potentially dangerous properties are often overlooked. Misuse of electrical equipment can endanger life.
- Before using any electrical equipment particularly portable appliances - make a visual check to make sure that the cable is not worn or frayed and that the plugs, sockets, etc., are intact; make sure you know where the nearest isolating switch is located. Always use an earthed (grounded) 3 pin electrical cord.

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Solvents

Use only cleaning fluids and solvents that are known to be safe. Certain types of fluids can cause damage to components such as seals, etc., and can cause skin irritation. Solvent labels should be checked that they are suitable not only for the cleaning of components and individual parts, but also that they DO NOT affect the personal safety of the user.

Housekeeping

- Many injuries result from tripping or slipping over or on, objects or material left lying around by a careless worker. Prevent these accidents from occurring. If you notice a hazard, don't ignore it - remove it.
- A clean, hazard-free place of work improves the surroundings and daily environment for everybody.
- Keep work organised and clean. Wipe up spills of any kind to minimize the possibility of a fall. Keep tools and parts off the floor to further reduce the possibility of tripping and causing serious injury.

Fire

- Fire has no respect for persons or property. The destruction that fire can cause is not always fully realised. Everyone must be constantly on guard.
 - -Extinguish matches, cigars, cigarettes, etc., before throwing them away.
 - -Work cleanly, disposing of waste material into proper containers.
 - -Locate the fire extinguishers and find out how to operate them.
 - -DO NOT permit or use open flame near the fuel tank, fuel lines, battery, hydraulic hoses or component parts
- When using a gas torch, always keep a fully charged fire extinguisher within reach.
- · In the event of fire:
 - -DO NOT panic warn those near and raise the alarm.

First Aid

In the type of work that mechanics are engaged in, dirt, grease, fine dust, etc. all settle upon the skin and clothing. If a cut, abrasion or burn is disregarded it may be found that an infection has formed within a short time. What appears at first to be trivial could become painful and injurious. It only takes a few minutes to have a fresh cut dressed, but it will take longer if you neglect it. Make sure you know where the First Aid box is located and that it is kept fully stocked at all times.

1A-6 MF 431/461 - Issue 1

OPERATIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Stop the engine, if at all possible, before performing any service.
- Place a warning sign on self propelled equipment which, due for service or overhaul, would be dangerous to start. Disconnect the battery leads if leaving such a unit unattended and remove the key.
- DO NOT attempt to start the engine while standing beside the tractor or attempt to by-pass the safety start switch. Check that neutral start switches are functioning correctly.
- Avoid prolonged running of the engine in a closed building or in an area with inadequate ventilation as exhaust fumes are highly toxic.
- Always turn the radiator cap to the first stop to allow pressure in the system to dissipate when the coolant is hot.
- Never work beneath a tractor which is on soft ground. Always take the unit to an area which has a hard level working surface - concrete is preferred.
- If it is found necessary to raise the equipment for ease of servicing or repair, make sure that safe and stable supports are installed, beneath axle housings, casings, etc., before commencing work.
- Certain repair or overhaul procedures may necessitate 'Separating the tractor', either at the engine gearbox or gearbox/rear axle locations. These operations are simplified by the use of the Tractor Splitting Kit/Stands (Use the Massey Ferguson MF.3012 Tractor Splitting Track, also available, MF.3013 Cab Stands). Should this equipment not be available, then every consideration must be given to stability, balance and weight of the components, especially if a cab is installed.
- Use footsteps or working platforms when servicing those areas that are not within easy reach.
- Cleanliness of the tractor hydraulic system is essential for optimum performance. When carrying out service and repairs plug all hose ends and component connections to prevent dirt entry.
- Clean the exterior of all components before carrying outany form of repair. Dirt and abrasive dust can reduce the efficiency and working life of a component and lead to costly replacement. Use of high pressure washer or steam cleaner is recommended.
- Before loosening any hoses or tubes connecting implements to remote control valves, etc., switch off the engine, remove all pressure in the lines by operating levers several times. This will remove the danger of personal injury by oil pressure.
- Prior to pressure testing, make sure all hoses and connectors not only of the equipment, but also those of the test equipment, are in good condition and tightly sealed. Pressure readings must be taken with the gauges specified. The correct procedure should be rigidly observed to prevent damage to the system or equipment, and to eliminate the possibility of personal injury.

- Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can have enough force to penetrate the human skin. To locate a leak under pressure, use a small piece of cardboard, never use your hands. If you are injected with hydraulic fluid seek medical help immediately.
- When equipment or implements are required to be attached to the hydraulic linkage, either for testing purposes or for transportation, the iPosition Controli should be used.
- Always lower equipment to the ground when leaving the tractor.
- If high lift attachments are installed on a tractor beware of overhead power, electric or telephone cables when travelling. Drop the attachment near to ground level to increase stability and minimise risks.
- DO NOT park or attempt to service the equipment on an incline. If unavoidable, take extra care and chock all wheels.
- Observe recommended precautions as indicated in this Service Manual when dismantling the air conditioning system as escaping refrigerant can cause frostbite.
- Prior to removing wheels and tyres from a tractor, check to determine whether additional ballast (liquid or weights) has been added. Seek assistance and use suitable equipment to support the weight of the wheel assembly. Store the wheel so that they cannot fall over and cause injury.
- When inflating tyres beware of over inflation constantly check the pressure. Over inflation can cause tyres to burst and result in personal injury.

Heed these safety precautions, and the ones found in this manual, and you will protect yourself accordingly. Disregard them and you may become injured for life.

SERVICING TECHNIQUES

Service Safety

Appropriate service methods and proper repair procedures are essential for the safe, reliable operation of all farm machinery as well as the personal safety of the individual doing the work.

MF 431/461 - Issue 1 1A-7